Year 5 Curriculum Overview – 2023/24

(Updated September 2023)

Mathematics and English will be taught daily following curriculum guidelines and will be linked to the themes below wherever possible.

Year 5	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Curriculum Theme			Spring 2		Summer 2	
	Full steam ahead!		Viva Roma!		What a wonderful world!	
Overview	Learn about British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066. The changing power of the monarchs (Victoria), changes in social history in the 19 th century (the work of Doctor Barnardo and Lord Shaftsbury and their impact on the lives of children in Victorian Britain) and a significant turning point in British history (the first railways.)		Learn about the Roman Empire and its impact on Britain. This will include learning about Julius Caesar's attempted invasion in 55-54 BC, the Roman Empire by AD 42 and the power of its army, successful invasion by Claudius and conquest (including Hadrian's Wall) and British resistance including Boudicca.		Learn about climate zones, biomes and other geographical terms through a study of North America that will include researching the physical and key topographical features (such as Niagara Falls and the Grand Canyon) of the country along with some of its key human features such as the Panama Canal and the Hoover Dam. Consider ways in which humans use the Grand Canyon and how human behaviour, including tourism, has changed it.	
Themed Days/ Special Events	Church Services – Ha Remembrance Service Memorial Christmas Tree Festi Ely Cathedral Virtual Rocksteady Concert Junior Travel Ambass Anti-Bullying Week	ce at village War val in Church Christingle Service	Church Service – Easter World Book Day/dress-up Grafham Parents' Meetin Grafham Water residentia Children's Mental Health Day British STEM Week Ely Diocese Art Project E-Safety Week Rocksteady Concert	g Il trip	Sports Day 'Move Up Morning' Rocksteady Concert 'Bassingbourn Experience' – ' Bikeability Play Leader training	Year 5 visit to BVC
Science	Working Scientifically: 1. Planning different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary. 2. Taking measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings when appropriate. 3. Recording data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs. 4. Using test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests. 5. Reporting and presenting findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships and explanations of and degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations. 6. Identifying scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments.					

	Living Things: Animals including humans Describe the changes as humans develop to old age. Revisit how animals are classified using classification keys. Describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird.	Properties of Materials: Reversible change Compare and group together everyday materials based on their properties, including hardness, solubility, transparency, conductivit (electrical and thermal), and response to magnets Know that some material will dissolve in liquid to form a solution, and describe how to recover a substance from a solution Use knowledge of solids, liquids and gases to decic how mixtures might be separated, including through filtering, sieving and evaporating Give reasons, based on testing evidence, for the particular uses of everyda materials Demonstrate that dissolving, mixing and	Describe the Sun, Earth and Moon as approximately spherical bodies. Use the idea of the Earth's rotation to explain day and night and the apparent movement of the sun across the sky. Explain that unsupported objects fall towards the Earth because of the force of gravity acting between the Earth and the falling object.	Living Things: Plant life cycles Describe the life cycles common to a variety of plants. Revisit classifying plants. Understand different methods of pollination. Investigate the adaptation of some plants to their environment.	Materials: Irreversible change Explain that some changes result in the formation of new materials, and that this kind of change is not usually reversible. Appreciate that some	Forces Identify the effects of air resistance, water resistance and friction that act between moving surfaces. Recognise that some mechanisms including levers, pulleys and gears allow a smaller force to have a greater effect.
Geography	changes of state are reversible changes Children should extend their knowledge and understanding beyond the local area to include the United Kingdom and Europe, North and South America. This will include the location and characteristics of a range of the world's most significant human and physical features. They should develop their use of geographical knowledge, understanding and skills to enhance their locational and place knowledge. Victorian Britain Roman Britain North America					

Name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom. Identify land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time.

Human and Physical Geography:-

Understand how humans affect the environment over time including types of

Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe, linked to the reach of the Roman Empire. Focus on key physical characteristics and major cities.

Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied.

Locational Knowledge:-

Identify and describe the significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn.

	settlement and land use and economic	Grafham Water Residential Trip	Passagnisa the different shapes of sountries			
	activity including trade links.	Geographical Skills and Fieldwork:-	Recognise the different shapes of countries. Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on			
	=	Use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure	North and South America, concentrating on their			
		references, symbols and key (including the use of	environmental regions, key physical and human			
		Ordnance Survey maps) to build knowledge of the	<u> </u>			
		United Kingdom and the wider world.	characteristics, countries, and major cities. Identify the physical characteristics and key			
		<u>U</u> se fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local	topographical features of the United States of America.			
		area (Grafham Water) using a range of methods,	Human and Physical Geography:-			
		including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital	Understand and use a widening range of			
		technologies.	geographical terms e.g. specific topic vocabulary –			
		Locational Knowledge:-	climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers,			
		Know about the wider context of places e.g. county,	mountains, volcanoes an earthquakes, and the water			
		region and country.	cycle.			
		Know and describe where a variety of places are in	Understand how humans affect the environment			
		relation to physical and human features.	over time including types of settlement and land use			
		relation to physical and naman reacares.	and economic activity including trade links.			
			Place Knowledge:-			
			Compare the physical and human features of a			
			region of the UK and a region in North America,			
			identifying similarities and differences.			
History	Pupils should be taught about a study of an aspect or theme of British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066 e.g. the changing					
1	power of the monarchs (Victoria), changes in an aspect of social history and a significant turning point in British history, for example, the first railways.					
	Pupils should be taught about the Roman Emp	pire and its impact on Britain.				
	Industrial Revolution and Social Reform in	Roman Britain				
	the 19 th Century	Chronological Understanding				
	Chronological Understanding	Use dates to order and place events on a timeline				
	Use dates to order and place events on a	and understand how Britain has been influenced				
	timeline and understand how Britain has	by the wider world.				
	influenced the wider world.	Historical Interpretations				
	Historical Enquiry	Make comparisons between the aspects of periods				
	Compare sources of information available	of history and the present day. Understand				
	for the study of different times in the past.	concepts of continuity and change.				
	Historical Interpretations	Understanding of events, people and changes				
	Make comparisons between the aspects of	Give some reasons for some important historical				
	periods of history and the present day.	events.				
	Understand ideas of continuity and change					
	and the expansion and dissolution of					
	empires (Roman and Victorian); the					
	achievements and follies of humankind.					
I	Organisation and Communication					

	Present findings and communicate					
	knowledge and understanding in different					
	ways. Provide an account of a historical					
	event based on more than one source.					
	Understanding of events, people and					
	changes					
	Give some reasons for some important					
	historical events					
Computing	Online Safety - use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact					
	To understand how computer networks,	Pupils will create, deconstruct and refine programs	Pupils will select and make effective use of digital			
	including the internet, work. To develop an	to accomplish specific goals. Some of these	tools to create digital artefacts. They will create and			
	understanding of the way search results are	programs will have loops which terminate when	effectively follow lines of enquiry to support their			
	ranked and critically analyse their relevance.	conditions are met/continue when conditions are	learning and will be discerning in evaluating digital			
	To analyse and present different types of	present. Pupils will begin to use simple operators	content.			
	data. To consider issues around online	within their programs and use simple selection to	content			
	reputation, identity and copyright.	create interactive programs based on conditions				
	reputation, identity and copyright.	being met/not met.				
	Pupils should be taught to develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing					
Aut C Design	Punils should be taught to develop their techn	signes, including their control and their use of materials	c with creativity experimentation and an increasing			
Art & Design	_ · ·	-	s, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing			
Art & Design	awareness of different kinds are art, craft and	design.				
Art & Design	awareness of different kinds are art, craft and Pupils should be taught to use sketchbooks to	design. record their observations and use them to review and	revisit ideas.			
Art & Design	awareness of different kinds are art, craft and Pupils should be taught to use sketchbooks to Pupils should be taught to improve their maste	design.	revisit ideas.			
Art & Design	awareness of different kinds are art, craft and Pupils should be taught to use sketchbooks to Pupils should be taught to improve their maste example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay)	design. record their observations and use them to review and ery of art and design techniques, including drawing, pa	revisit ideas. inting and sculpture with a range of materials (for			
Art & Design	awareness of different kinds are art, craft and Pupils should be taught to use sketchbooks to Pupils should be taught to improve their maste example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay) Research and discuss various artists, architects	design. record their observations and use them to review and ery of art and design techniques, including drawing, pa s and designers and discuss their processes and explain	revisit ideas. inting and sculpture with a range of materials (for how these were used in the finished produce.			
Art & Design	awareness of different kinds are art, craft and Pupils should be taught to use sketchbooks to Pupils should be taught to improve their maste example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay) Research and discuss various artists, architects 19th Century Art – William Morris	design. record their observations and use them to review and ery of art and design techniques, including drawing, pas and designers and discuss their processes and explain Roman Britain	revisit ideas. inting and sculpture with a range of materials (for how these were used in the finished produce. North America			
Art & Design	awareness of different kinds are art, craft and Pupils should be taught to use sketchbooks to Pupils should be taught to improve their maste example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay) Research and discuss various artists, architects 19th Century Art – William Morris Printing	design. record their observations and use them to review and ery of art and design techniques, including drawing, pa s and designers and discuss their processes and explain	revisit ideas. inting and sculpture with a range of materials (for how these were used in the finished produce. North America Sculpture			
Art & Design	awareness of different kinds are art, craft and Pupils should be taught to use sketchbooks to Pupils should be taught to improve their maste example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay) Research and discuss various artists, architects 19th Century Art – William Morris Printing William Morris – comparisons between	design. record their observations and use them to review and ery of art and design techniques, including drawing, pas and designers and discuss their processes and explain Roman Britain	revisit ideas. inting and sculpture with a range of materials (for how these were used in the finished produce. North America Sculpture Frank Lloyd Wright & his architecture (link to Design			
Art & Design	awareness of different kinds are art, craft and Pupils should be taught to use sketchbooks to Pupils should be taught to improve their maste example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay) Research and discuss various artists, architects 19th Century Art – William Morris Printing William Morris – comparisons between Victorian & 21st century inspired designs.	design. record their observations and use them to review and ery of art and design techniques, including drawing, pas and designers and discuss their processes and explain Roman Britain	revisit ideas. inting and sculpture with a range of materials (for how these were used in the finished produce. North America Sculpture Frank Lloyd Wright & his architecture (link to Design Technology unit)			
Art & Design	awareness of different kinds are art, craft and Pupils should be taught to use sketchbooks to Pupils should be taught to improve their maste example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay) Research and discuss various artists, architects 19th Century Art – William Morris Printing William Morris – comparisons between Victorian & 21 st century inspired designs. L.S. Lowry – his depiction of 'matchstick'	design. record their observations and use them to review and ery of art and design techniques, including drawing, pas and designers and discuss their processes and explain Roman Britain	revisit ideas. inting and sculpture with a range of materials (for how these were used in the finished produce. North America Sculpture Frank Lloyd Wright & his architecture (link to Design			
	awareness of different kinds are art, craft and Pupils should be taught to use sketchbooks to Pupils should be taught to improve their maste example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay) Research and discuss various artists, architects 19th Century Art – William Morris Printing William Morris – comparisons between Victorian & 21 st century inspired designs. L.S. Lowry – his depiction of 'matchstick' figures/industrial themes	design. record their observations and use them to review and ery of art and design techniques, including drawing, pas and designers and discuss their processes and explain Roman Britain Creating a Roman coin using clay.	revisit ideas. inting and sculpture with a range of materials (for how these were used in the finished produce. North America Sculpture Frank Lloyd Wright & his architecture (link to Design Technology unit) Collage – the work of Beatriz Milhazes (Brazil)			
Art & Design Design	awareness of different kinds are art, craft and Pupils should be taught to use sketchbooks to Pupils should be taught to improve their maste example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay) Research and discuss various artists, architects 19th Century Art – William Morris Printing William Morris – comparisons between Victorian & 21st century inspired designs. L.S. Lowry – his depiction of 'matchstick' figures/industrial themes Through a variety of creative and practical actives	design. record their observations and use them to review and ery of art and design techniques, including drawing, pas and designers and discuss their processes and explain Roman Britain Creating a Roman coin using clay. ivities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, underst	revisit ideas. Inting and sculpture with a range of materials (for n how these were used in the finished produce. North America Sculpture Frank Lloyd Wright & his architecture (link to Design Technology unit) Collage – the work of Beatriz Milhazes (Brazil) anding and skills needed to engage in an iterative			
Design	awareness of different kinds are art, craft and Pupils should be taught to use sketchbooks to Pupils should be taught to improve their maste example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay) Research and discuss various artists, architects 19th Century Art – William Morris Printing William Morris – comparisons between Victorian & 21st century inspired designs. L.S. Lowry – his depiction of 'matchstick' figures/industrial themes Through a variety of creative and practical actiprocess of designing and making. They should	design. record their observations and use them to review and ery of art and design techniques, including drawing, pas and designers and discuss their processes and explain Roman Britain Creating a Roman coin using clay.	revisit ideas. Inting and sculpture with a range of materials (for n how these were used in the finished produce. North America Sculpture Frank Lloyd Wright & his architecture (link to Design Technology unit) Collage – the work of Beatriz Milhazes (Brazil) anding and skills needed to engage in an iterative			
	awareness of different kinds are art, craft and Pupils should be taught to use sketchbooks to Pupils should be taught to improve their maste example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay) Research and discuss various artists, architects 19th Century Art – William Morris Printing William Morris – comparisons between Victorian & 21st century inspired designs. L.S. Lowry – his depiction of 'matchstick' figures/industrial themes Through a variety of creative and practical acti process of designing and making. They should and the wider environment.	design. record their observations and use them to review and ery of art and design techniques, including drawing, pass and designers and discuss their processes and explain Roman Britain Creating a Roman coin using clay. ivities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understed work in a range of relevant contexts (for example, the	revisit ideas. Initing and sculpture with a range of materials (for how these were used in the finished produce. North America Sculpture Frank Lloyd Wright & his architecture (link to Design Technology unit) Collage – the work of Beatriz Milhazes (Brazil) anding and skills needed to engage in an iterative e home, school, leisure, culture, enterprise, industry			
Design	awareness of different kinds are art, craft and Pupils should be taught to use sketchbooks to Pupils should be taught to improve their maste example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay) Research and discuss various artists, architects 19th Century Art – William Morris Printing William Morris – comparisons between Victorian & 21st century inspired designs. L.S. Lowry – his depiction of 'matchstick' figures/industrial themes Through a variety of creative and practical acti process of designing and making. They should and the wider environment.	design. record their observations and use them to review and ery of art and design techniques, including drawing, pas and designers and discuss their processes and explain Roman Britain Creating a Roman coin using clay. ivities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, underst	revisit ideas. inting and sculpture with a range of materials (for how these were used in the finished produce. North America Sculpture Frank Lloyd Wright & his architecture (link to Design Technology unit) Collage – the work of Beatriz Milhazes (Brazil) anding and skills needed to engage in an iterative e home, school, leisure, culture, enterprise, industry			
Design	awareness of different kinds are art, craft and Pupils should be taught to use sketchbooks to Pupils should be taught to improve their maste example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay) Research and discuss various artists, architects 19th Century Art – William Morris Printing William Morris – comparisons between Victorian & 21 st century inspired designs. L.S. Lowry – his depiction of 'matchstick' figures/industrial themes Through a variety of creative and practical actiprocess of designing and making. They should and the wider environment. As part of their work with food, pupils should in	design. record their observations and use them to review and ery of art and design techniques, including drawing, pass and designers and discuss their processes and explain Roman Britain Creating a Roman coin using clay. ivities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understed work in a range of relevant contexts (for example, the	revisit ideas. Initing and sculpture with a range of materials (for how these were used in the finished produce. North America Sculpture Frank Lloyd Wright & his architecture (link to Design Technology unit) Collage – the work of Beatriz Milhazes (Brazil) canding and skills needed to engage in an iterative home, school, leisure, culture, enterprise, industry ition and healthy eating. Instilling a love of cooking in			
Design	awareness of different kinds are art, craft and Pupils should be taught to use sketchbooks to Pupils should be taught to improve their maste example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay) Research and discuss various artists, architects 19th Century Art – William Morris Printing William Morris – comparisons between Victorian & 21 st century inspired designs. L.S. Lowry – his depiction of 'matchstick' figures/industrial themes Through a variety of creative and practical actiprocess of designing and making. They should and the wider environment. As part of their work with food, pupils should in pupils will also open a door to one of the great	design. record their observations and use them to review and ery of art and design techniques, including drawing, pass and designers and discuss their processes and explain Roman Britain Creating a Roman coin using clay. ivities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understed work in a range of relevant contexts (for example, the be taught how to cook and apply the principles of nutring the contexts.	revisit ideas. inting and sculpture with a range of materials (for how these were used in the finished produce. North America Sculpture Frank Lloyd Wright & his architecture (link to Design Technology unit) Collage – the work of Beatriz Milhazes (Brazil) anding and skills needed to engage in an iterative e home, school, leisure, culture, enterprise, industry ition and healthy eating. Instilling a love of cooking in cook is a crucial skill that enables pupils to feed			
Design	awareness of different kinds are art, craft and Pupils should be taught to use sketchbooks to Pupils should be taught to improve their maste example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay) Research and discuss various artists, architects 19th Century Art – William Morris Printing William Morris – comparisons between Victorian & 21st century inspired designs. L.S. Lowry – his depiction of 'matchstick' figures/industrial themes Through a variety of creative and practical actiprocess of designing and making. They should and the wider environment. As part of their work with food, pupils should I pupils will also open a door to one of the great themselves and others affordably and well, no	design. record their observations and use them to review and ery of art and design techniques, including drawing, pass and designers and discuss their processes and explain Roman Britain Creating a Roman coin using clay. ivities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understed work in a range of relevant contexts (for example, the be taught how to cook and apply the principles of nutritest expressions of human creativity. Learning how to cow and in later life. Pupils should be taught to 1. Underson	revisit ideas. Inting and sculpture with a range of materials (for how these were used in the finished produce. North America Sculpture Frank Lloyd Wright & his architecture (link to Design Technology unit) Collage – the work of Beatriz Milhazes (Brazil) canding and skills needed to engage in an iterative home, school, leisure, culture, enterprise, industry ition and healthy eating. Instilling a love of cooking in cook is a crucial skill that enables pupils to feed stand and apply the basic principles of a healthy and			
Design	awareness of different kinds are art, craft and Pupils should be taught to use sketchbooks to Pupils should be taught to improve their maste example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay) Research and discuss various artists, architects 19th Century Art – William Morris Printing William Morris – comparisons between Victorian & 21st century inspired designs. L.S. Lowry – his depiction of 'matchstick' figures/industrial themes Through a variety of creative and practical actiprocess of designing and making. They should and the wider environment. As part of their work with food, pupils should I pupils will also open a door to one of the great themselves and others affordably and well, no	design. record their observations and use them to review and ery of art and design techniques, including drawing, pass and designers and discuss their processes and explain Roman Britain Creating a Roman coin using clay. ivities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understed work in a range of relevant contexts (for example, the betaught how to cook and apply the principles of nutritest expressions of human creativity. Learning how to cow and in later life. Pupils should be taught to 1. Undersedominately-savoury dishes using a range of cooking to	revisit ideas. Inting and sculpture with a range of materials (for how these were used in the finished produce. North America Sculpture Frank Lloyd Wright & his architecture (link to Design Technology unit) Collage – the work of Beatriz Milhazes (Brazil) canding and skills needed to engage in an iterative home, school, leisure, culture, enterprise, industry ition and healthy eating. Instilling a love of cooking in cook is a crucial skill that enables pupils to feed stand and apply the basic principles of a healthy and			
Design	awareness of different kinds are art, craft and Pupils should be taught to use sketchbooks to Pupils should be taught to improve their maste example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay) Research and discuss various artists, architects 19th Century Art – William Morris Printing William Morris – comparisons between Victorian & 21st century inspired designs. L.S. Lowry – his depiction of 'matchstick' figures/industrial themes Through a variety of creative and practical acti process of designing and making. They should and the wider environment. As part of their work with food, pupils should I pupils will also open a door to one of the great themselves and others affordably and well, no varied diet 2. Prepare and cook a variety of proand when a variety of ingredients are grown, r	design. record their observations and use them to review and ery of art and design techniques, including drawing, pass and designers and discuss their processes and explain Roman Britain Creating a Roman coin using clay. ivities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understed work in a range of relevant contexts (for example, the be taught how to cook and apply the principles of nutretest expressions of human creativity. Learning how to cow and in later life. Pupils should be taught to 1. Understed the discussion of the cooking to example, caught and processed.	revisit ideas. Initing and sculpture with a range of materials (for how these were used in the finished produce. North America Sculpture Frank Lloyd Wright & his architecture (link to Design Technology unit) Collage – the work of Beatriz Milhazes (Brazil) canding and skills needed to engage in an iterative e home, school, leisure, culture, enterprise, industry ition and healthy eating. Instilling a love of cooking in cook is a crucial skill that enables pupils to feed stand and apply the basic principles of a healthy and echniques. 3. Understand seasonality, and know where			
Design	awareness of different kinds are art, craft and Pupils should be taught to use sketchbooks to Pupils should be taught to improve their maste example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay) Research and discuss various artists, architects 19th Century Art – William Morris Printing William Morris – comparisons between Victorian & 21 st century inspired designs. L.S. Lowry – his depiction of 'matchstick' figures/industrial themes Through a variety of creative and practical acti process of designing and making. They should and the wider environment. As part of their work with food, pupils should be pupils will also open a door to one of the great themselves and others affordably and well, no varied diet 2. Prepare and cook a variety of pread when a variety of ingredients are grown, remaining the master of the process of designing and making.	design. record their observations and use them to review and ery of art and design techniques, including drawing, pass and designers and discuss their processes and explain Roman Britain Creating a Roman coin using clay. ivities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understed work in a range of relevant contexts (for example, the betaught how to cook and apply the principles of nutritest expressions of human creativity. Learning how to cow and in later life. Pupils should be taught to 1. Undersedominately-savoury dishes using a range of cooking to	revisit ideas. Inting and sculpture with a range of materials (for how these were used in the finished produce. North America Sculpture Frank Lloyd Wright & his architecture (link to Design Technology unit) Collage – the work of Beatriz Milhazes (Brazil) canding and skills needed to engage in an iterative home, school, leisure, culture, enterprise, industry ition and healthy eating. Instilling a love of cooking in cook is a crucial skill that enables pupils to feed stand and apply the basic principles of a healthy and			

Use research into existing products to inform the design of the product. Produce step-by-step plans to guide the making process, applying knowledge of different materials, tools and techniques. Create prototypes to demonstrate ideas.

Make

Make careful and precise measurements so that joins, holes and openings are in exactly the right place.

Evaluate

Make detailed evaluations about existing products and his/her own considering the views of others to make modifications/improvements.

Technical knowledge

Build more complex 3D structures and apply knowledge of strengthening techniques to make them stronger.

Food and Nutrition:

Victorian Sponge Cake

Understand the main food groups and the different nutrients that are important for health.

Understand how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed to make them safe and palatable/tasty to eat.

Design

Use his/her research into existing products and his/her market research to inform the design of his/her own innovative product.

Make

Select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks accurately

Evaluation

Evaluate ideas and products against own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve the finished product.

Use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups – in this case, a Roman soldier.

Make

Create a Roman shield by selecting from and using a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities.

Design

Use research into existing products to inform the design of the product.

Produce step-by-step plans to guide the making process, applying knowledge of different materials, tools and techniques. Create prototypes to demonstrate ideas.

Make

Make careful and precise measurements so that joins, holes and openings are in exactly the right place.

Evaluate

Make detailed evaluations about existing products and his/her own considering the views of others to make modifications/improvements.

Technical knowledge

Build more complex 3D structures and apply knowledge of strengthening techniques to make them stronger.

Food Influences in the U.S.A., eg Mexican cookery, Caribbean cookery

Food & Nutrition

Understand the main food groups and the different nutrients that are important for health.

Understand how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed to make them safe and palatable/tasty to eat.

Design

Use his/her research into existing products and his/her market research to inform the design of his/her own innovative product.

Make

Select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks accurately

Evaluation

Evaluate ideas and products against own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve the finished product.

Music	organising and manip solo and ensemble co compose music for a memory. Use and und from different tradition Musical History Benjamin Britten	enjamin Britten Whole school singing practice Hip Hop. Discussion and response to different genres and music from different eras/countries				t to: play and perform in pression. Improvise and ands with increasing aural direcorded music drawn ues, Jazz, Rock 'n' Roll & esponse to different ferent eras/countries	
PE	Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success.						
	Cross Country Netball Gymnastics Hockey Outdoor Adventurous Activities -Orienteering Gymnastics		ivities -Orienteering	Athletics Kwik Cricket Tennis Dance Styles from North America - Charleston, Swing and Lindy Hop			
PSHE	Beginning and Belonging	Family and Friends Anti-Bullying	Diversity and Communities	Relationships and Sex Education Drug Education	Personal Safety	Healthy Lifestyles	
RE	Creation and Science: Conflicting or Complementary?	What kind of king is Jesus?	Can following God bring freedom and justice?	Was Jesus the Messiah?	Hinduism Moksha – What spiritual pathways to Moksha are written about in Hindu scripture?	Hinduism Brahman – How do questions about Brahman and Atman influence the way a Hindu lives?	
Languages - Italian	Greetings Numbers	Days / Months Cultural Knowledge	Family Classroom routines	Emotions	Festivals Cultural Knowledge	Music Sport	